

New River Soil and Water Conservation District

Serving the Carroll and Grayson Counties and the City of Galax

200 Jacks Orchard Road – Galax, Virginia 24333

Application Instructions

Please pay close attention to the instructions to guarantee that your application is completed accurately. Submitting incorrect information will result in delays in processing your application.

If you have any inquiries regarding the forms, feel free to reach out via email at tgoodson.newriver@gmail.com or call 276-601-6163.

Note: You MUST apply for the program before beginning any work to be eligible.

DEQ NPS Cost-Share Programs BMP Contract:

- Please read the form carefully
- o Applicants must complete all yellow highlighted fields at the top of this form
- Applicant must sign and date this form for it to be valid

o W-9

- o Applicants must complete or sign each yellow highlighted section
- Box 1: Information required by the IRS, do not leave blank
- Box 3: Check the appropriate box for federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered in line 1. You may only check one box.
- Part 1: Providing an SSN is valid only for the first box (individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC). Any other tax classification must provide the EIN for the entity, not an individual SSN
- See W-9 instructions for further guidance
- Applicant must sign and date this form for it to be valid



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Pump-Out, Inspection, Sewer Connection, Repair, or Replacement

Septic Tank Pum-Out (RB-1)

- Cost-share available for the pump-out and removal of solids from a septic tank and/or inspection of the tank lids and baffles (based on income).
- Septic waste must be handled by a contractor with a written sewage handling permit issues by the Virginia Department of Health.

<u>Connection of Malfunctioning On-Site Sewage Disposal System or Straight Pipe to Public Water</u> (RB-2, RB-2P)

- 50-80% Cost Share available for the connection fee, associated construction cost, restabilization of disturbed areas, abandonment of septic tank and/or installation of grinder pump (based on income).
- Proper inspections and permitting need to be adhered to in accordance with local and state regulations.

Septic System Permitted Repair (RB-3) and Inspection/Non-Permitted Repair (RB-3M)

- RB-3 Cost-share available for the pump-out, repair, and partial replacement of sewage disposal system components that does require permit from the Health Department as well as associated VDH permit fees and/or associated fees (based on income).
- RB-3M Cost-Share available for the pump-out inspection and/or maintenance of components of sewage disposal system that does not require a permit from the Health Department.

Septic System Installation/Replacement (RB-4 without pump, RB-4P with pump)

 Cost-share available for the installation of a septic tank, subsurface drain field, and components needed to replace failed septic system with or without a pump as well as associated Virginia Department of Health permit and design fees (based on income).

- Cost-share is available for connecting a gray water discharge from a dwelling that is discharging on the ground or in a wet/dry ditch to the newly constructed septic system.
- Septic tank system replacement must be in accordance to a written construction permit from the Virginia Department of Health and inspection from the Virginia Department of Health.
- Cost-share is not authorized for a new construction or expansion of existing systems to accommodate an addition to a residence.

Alternative On-Site Waste Treatment Systems (RB-5)

- Cost-share is available for the design, permit, and installation of alternative on-site waste treatment systems.
- o Discharging systems are not eligible for cost-share.
- Alternative on-site waste treatment systems must be in accordance to a written construction permit from the Virginia Department of Health and inspection from the Virginia Department of Health.

Disclaimer: This is an interactive excel form. If you are having trouble filling out this application and require assistance please email NPSGrants@deq.virginia.gov.



DEQ Contract Form #NPS-BMP:

INSTRUCTIONS FOR DEQ NONPOINT SOURCE (NPS) COST-SHARE BMP CONTRACT FORM

The Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) has developed this three-part contract form for documenting and recording the application and award of Nonpoint Source (NPS) Best Management Practice (BMP) funds issued by DEQ through 319(h) Subrecipient Agreements. Once signed and executed, this three-part contract form does the following:

- (1) meets the requirement of a DEQ Subrecipient Agreement for an adequate Operations and Maintenance Plan for BMPs and associated Landowner Agreement for agriculture and residential septic practices.
- (2) documents that grant funds are allocated to applicants in adherence with DEQ's NPS 319(h) program requirements.
- (3) documents that all agricultural and residential septic BMPs funded through DEQ's NPS programs are installed based on established technical criteria and applicable standards and specifications, as expressed in either the Department of Conservation and Recreation's (DCR) "Agricultural BMP Cost-Share Manual" or DEQ's "Virginia Nonpoint Source Implementation Best Management Practice Guidelines."
- (4) serves as an agreement between the participant and the Subrecipient, that all BMPs funded through DEQ's NPS programs will be maintained in functioning order for the required lifespan of each BMP.

Subrecipient using DEQ NPS funds must ensure all three parts of the contract form are completed and signatures on each Part are provided. If the Subrecipient has an additional contract/agreement that they require participants to use, that document should be attached to a signed version of this contract. The Subrecipient should also assure that any other documentation related to the design or certification of the BMP(s) is/are attached to the executed BMP contract.

This contract form addresses both agricultural and residential septic BMPs. A completed BMP contract may include agricultural and residential septic BMPs in one application; however, separate Parts II and III must be provided for each of the two BMP categories. A completed contract would then contain a Part I and all associated Parts II or III that apply (e.g., both agricultural and residential septic).

The contract form includes an "Agreement Transferring Responsibility for Best Management Practice" template, that must be distributed to the participant.

The following specific instructions apply:

Part I: Application for Program

| Agricultural BMPs | Part I must be used for DEQ-funded BMPs and must be signed by the applicant before |
|-------------------------|--|
| Residential Septic BMPs | any funds are committed and/or provided. |

Part II: Technical Determination and Approval

| Agricultural BMPs | rt II is required by all Subrecipients and must be signed by the applicant and a presentative of the Subrecipients approving cost-share funds with the following proteins: Districts entering RAMPs in DCP's Tracking Program may produce Part II. |
|-------------------|--|
| 1 | exception: Districts entering BMPs in DCR's Tracking Program may produce Part II through the Tracking Program and attach it to the NPS Cost-Share Contract. |



DEQ Contract Form #NPS-BMP:

INSTRUCTIONS FOR DEQ NONPOINT SOURCE (NPS) COST-SHARE BMP CONTRACT FORM

Part III: Technical Installation, Certification and Payment

| Agricultural BMPs | Part III is required to be completed by all Subrecipients for agricultural and residential septic BMPS with the following exception: Districts entering BMPs in DCR's Tracking Program may produce Part III through the Tracking Program and attach it to the NPS Cost-Share Contract. Certifications must be signed by both participant and Subrecipient representative. A Subrecipient (or their designee) must certify that all administrative and technical components of each BMP have been completed by an appropriately |
|-------------------------|--|
| Residential Septic BMPs | qualified individual. This individual must determine that each BMP meets all applicable standards and specifications necessary for certification and/or payment. A copy of appropriate documentation must be attached to the contract. For septic practices: appropriate documentation includes: final inspection reports, type of alternative septic practice (if applicable), and an "Assignment of On-Site Sewage Disposal Practices Costshare Payment Authorization Form," name of Technical Service Provider's (TSP) contact information. |

Special Circumstances

<u>Districts Entering BMPs into DCR's Tracking Program</u>: With the exception of demonstration projects, the information documented in the contract will be entered by Soil and Water Conservation Districts (Districts) into the DCR BMP Tracking Program (Tracking Program). The Tracking Program is a tool by which DEQ and DCR can track BMP implementation related to NPS projects. Districts and their partner Subrecipients may utilize DCR's Tracking Program to develop Part II and Part III. If Part II and Part III are generated by the Tracking Program, both should be attached to DEQ's BMP Contract Parts I to complete the NPS Cost-Share Contract Form.

<u>Districts Installing Approved Agricultural BMP Demonstration Projects</u>: Demonstration projects are not defined in the DCR and DEQ BMP manuals and guidelines and cannot be entered into the Tracking Program. A complete operation and maintenance plan (O&M Plan) must be submitted in addition to the completed and signed contract in order to meet the Subrecipient Agreement requirements for an adequate O&M Plan.

<u>Engineered BMPs</u>: For engineered practices, engineering design and certified as-builts are required to be attached to the BMP contract, unless the requirement is waived in writing by the DEQ Project Manager. The Subrecipient representative must certify that all administrative and technical components of each practice have been completed by an appropriately qualified individual and it has been determined that each practice meets all applicable standards and specifications necessary for certification and/or payment.

For <u>Districts entering BMP data on behalf of Subrecipients who are not Districts</u>: Non-District entities must provide copies of the signed contract to their partner District to record the BMPs in the DCR Tracking Program.

Copies and distribution of these documents: Upon completion of Parts I, II, and/or III, copies should be provided to the following individuals and entities with the following stipulations.

| Subrecipi | A signed original of the three-part contract with all associated documentation. Once installed, this documentation should be retained for three (3) years beyond the lifespan of the practice. |
|-----------|--|
| Particip | A signed copy of the three-part contract is provided to the participant, including a blank "Agreement Transferring Responsibility for Best Management Practice" template. |



DEQ Contract Form #NPS-BMP:

INSTRUCTIONS FOR DEQ NONPOINT SOURCE (NPS) COST-SHARE BMP **CONTRACT FORM**

Since the Subrecipient is responsible for retaining the completed BMP Contract documentation, DEQ will not retain copies. See Section 7.2 of the DEQ NPS BMP Guidelines for applicable documentation requirements. DEQ: But upon request, Districts will provide DEQ with a signed, redacted copy of the three-part contract with all associated documentation. Redacted information includes but may not be limited to: social security number, address, phone number, lat/long.

DEQ NPS COST-SHARE PROGRAMS BMP CONTRACT

Part I (of III) - Application for Program

| Name of Subrecipient: | New River S | SWCD | | | | DEQ Subrecipi | ent Agreement #: | PO17620 |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--------|---------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|---------|
| Application Number: [Issu | ed by Subrecipient | Contra | act Nun | nber: [generated by tra | acking progra | m-TP] | Application Date: | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| First Name: | | | | Middle Initial: | [MI] | Last Name: | | |
| Business/Organization (Fa | arm) Name | | | | | | VA Fiscal Yr.: | |
| TMDL Implementation Plant | an/Project | | | | | | | |
| Address: | | | | | | | City/County: | |
| State: | | Zip co | de: | | | S.S. Number o | r Tax ID: | |
| Telephone Number: | (H) | | | (W) | | | (M) | |

APPLICANT CERTIFICATION: I understand that applying to participate in any DEQ Nonpoint Source (NPS) cost-share program(s) does not guarantee that any or all of my request will be funded. In the event that all or part of my request is funded, I certify the following: I agree to install and maintain all best management practices (BMP) receiving cost-share through the DEQ NPS Program according to applicable standards and specifications as expressed in either the Department of Conservation and Recreation's (DCR) "Agricultural BMP Cost-Share Manual", or DEQ's "Nonpoint Source Implementation Best Management Practice Guidelines." I understand that my period of responsibility begins with the acceptance of payment and extends through the lifespan of the BMP in accordance with applicable standards and specifications. I understand that the lifespan begins on January 1 of the calendar year following the year of certification of completion. I understand that a BMP is subject to verification by the funding agency(ies) or their designee throughout the BMP lifespan. I agree to allow funding agency personnel or their designee access to private property under my control for the purpose of evaluation, design, construction and inspection of said BMP(s) from this date forward through the required lifespan of each BMP. I agree to refund to the Subrecipient identified on this form all or part of the cost-share and/or tax credit I receive if my BMP(s) is/are found not to meet applicable standards and specifications at the time installation, during spot check or if the BMP(s) is/are removed or not properly maintained during the lifespan of the BMP(s). I understand that the sale, lease, or changed use of the property will not exempt me from fulfilling this/these requirement(s). Should the property change ownership or leasehold during the lifespan of the BMP, I agree to complete an agreement transferring responsibility for BMPs (see attached example agreement) signed by all involved parties and submit that signed form to the Subrecipient identified on this form. I understand I will be held responsible for the operation and maintenance of the BMP(s) for the duration of the BMP lifespan if the above referenced transfer agreement is not completed and submitted to the Subrecipient. The voluntary participation in this program does not relieve or relinquish me and my property (or farm operation) from compliance with ordinances, laws, and regulations that may exist at any level of government. I agree to allow the release of information related to location and extent of BMPs associated with this contract. I understand that cost-share funds are considered income and that I am responsible for compliance with all tax requirements including requirements of the Internal Revenue Service.

REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO DEQ NPS COST-SHARE PROGRAMS

| | Agricultural: The DEQ NPS Program has a \$300,000 per applicant per program year (July 1 thru June 30) limit. This limit applies to an individual practice, as well as any aggregation of smaller practices that are DEQ-funded. I certify that I will not accept DEQ NPS Cost-share funds that exceed the applicant limit whether funds are issued by a single SWCD or multiple SWCDs during a program year. |
|---|---|
| A | Residential Septic: The DEQ NPS Program has a baseline of 50% cost-share funding, and can be increased up to 90% based on income eligibility and locality fiscal stress designation. I understand that I can request that the cost-share payment be made directly to the contractor or technical service provider (TSP) for on-site sewage disposal practices with the exception of septic tank pump-out. I understand that I must complete the "Assignment of On-Site Sewage Disposal Practices Cost-Share Payment Authorization Form" (TSP form) and submit this to the Subrecipient in order for this to occur. I understand I must submit documentation of my yearly adjusted gross income in order to receive maximum cost-share eligibility (beyond 50%). |

Applicant Signature:

Date

(Signed original to be retained by the Subrecipient; a copy provided to the participant; and if requested, a redacted copy provided to DEQ. A completed contract contains Parts I, II, and III and copies of associated documentation. DEQ has provided funding to the Subrecipient. DEQ is not a party to this contract between the Subrecipient and the participant.)

DEQ Contract Form #NPS-BMP:

Version 7/1/2024

Disclaimer: This is an interactive excel form. If you are having trouble filling out this application and require assistance please email NPSGrants@deq.virginia.gov.



DEQ Contract Form #NPS-BMP:

INSTRUCTIONS FOR DEQ NONPOINT SOURCE (NPS) COST-SHARE BMP CONTRACT FORM

Subrecipients and participants must maintain the signed contract and all associated documents in their 319(h) agreement file record until three years after the lifespan of the longest practice on this contract expires. Lifespan is defined in DCR's "Agricultural BMP Cost-Share Manual" as "the number of years a BMP must be maintained in accordance with program standards. The lifespan begins on January 1 of the calendar year following the year of certification of completion."

Vocabulary:

| abulai y. | |
|--|--|
| Name of Subrecipient: | Name of the Subrecipient who is issuing cost-share funds via this contract. Example: Peter Francisco SWCD, Clark County, Northern Neck PDC, etc. |
| DEQ Subrecipient Agreement Number: | DEQ-issued contract number to Subrecipient (example: PO15698) |
| Application # | Unique number for cost-share application that can be generated by Subrecipient |
| Contract #: | Unique cost-share application number generated by DCR Tracking Program |
| Application Date: | Date the participant applied for cost-share assistance |
| TMDL Implementation Plan/Project: | Name of the TMDL Implementation Project for which funding was received |
| VA Fiscal Yr.: | FY20: 7/1/19-6/30/20; FY21:7/1/20-6/30/21; FY22: 7/1/21-6/30/22; FY23: 7/1/22-6/30/23; FY24: 7/1/23-6/30/24 |
| Instance # (Created by DCR TP): | Unique identifier for each specific BMP generated by DCR Tracking Program |
| Program Type(s) for Funding: | Identifies the type of fund (319h) and perhaps the Subrecipient Agreement # |
| TMDL BMP Practice Code: | BMP Practice code from DEQ or DCR BMP manuals (e.g., LE-1T, RB-4, etc.) |
| TMDL BMP Name: | Descriptive name of the BMP to be installed (e.g., Septic Pump-out) |
| Completion Date: | Date the practice is complete and technically certified |
| Payment Date: | Date payment was sent for the practice to the participant |
| Check Number: | Number from the check written for BMP payment |
| Applicable Standards and Specifications: | BMP standards and specifications, as expressed in either the Department of Conservation and Recreation's (DCR) "Agricultural BMP Cost-Share Manual" or DEQ's "Nonpoint Source Implementation Best Management Practice Guidelines" |
| Redacted: | A form of editing in which private and/or sensitive information is deleted or removed from documents in preparation for publication. A dark line through the information on copied material using a Black Sharpie Marker is sufficient |
| Participant: | Individual who receives funds through this contract to install BMPs on his/her property; or an individual who takes ownership or leases the property for which a contracted practice is installed and who has jointly signed an "Agreement Transferring Responsibility For Best Management Practice" with the original participant |
| Appropriately Qualified Individual: | An individual who is indicated in the associated BMP specification as having the ability and/or certifications necessary to determine a BMP has been installed accurately and according to the technical responsibility sections included in the individual BMP specifications |
| Funding Agency: | The entity/agency that has provided funding to the Subrecipient organization that is providing funding to the participant to install BMPs |

Form W=9
(Rev. March 2024)
Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Go to www.irs.gov/FormW9 for instructions and the latest information.

Give form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

Before you begin. For guidance related to the purpose of Form W-9, see Purpose of Form, below.

| appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avor individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for prietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other loyer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to ge</i> is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. See also <i>What Name dequester</i> for guidelines on whose number to enter. **Cation** gjury, I certify that: on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for backup withholding because (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest of backup withholding; and or other U.S. person (defined below); and entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting ons. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that yell to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transaction ment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual ret dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your features. | a number to be is: I have not been nor dividends, or (c) ig is correct. rou are currently suchs, item 2 does not irement arrangement arrangement arrangement. | sued to me); and otified by the Internal Revenue the IRS has notified me that I am object to backup withholding of apply. For mortgage interest paid, nt (IRA), and, generally, payments |
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| or individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for prietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other loyer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to ge</i> is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. See also <i>What Name Requester</i> for guidelines on whose number to enter. Cation Giury, I certify that: on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for backup withholding because (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest of backup withholding; and or other U.S. person (defined below); and entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting ons. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that yell to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transaction ment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual ret | a number to be is: I have not been nor dividends, or (c) ig is correct. rou are currently suchs, item 2 does not irement arrangement arrangement arrangement. | sued to me); and otified by the Internal Revenue the IRS has notified me that I am object to backup withholding of apply. For mortgage interest paid, nt (IRA), and, generally, payments |
| or individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for prietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other loyer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to ge</i> is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. See also <i>What Name lequester</i> for guidelines on whose number to enter. Ication Igury, I certify that: on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for backup withholding because (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest of backup withholding; and or other U.S. person (defined below); and entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting | a number to be is: I have not been nor dividends, or (c) | sued to me); and otified by the Internal Revenue the IRS has notified me that I am |
| or individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for prietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other loyer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to ge</i> in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. See also <i>What Name lequester</i> for guidelines on whose number to enter. Ication Igury, I certify that: on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for backup withholding because (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest of backup withholding; and or other U.S. person (defined below); and | a number to be is: I have not been nor dividends, or (c) | dentification number sued to me); and otified by the Internal Revenue |
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| or individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for prietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other loyer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to ge</i> in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. See also <i>What Name lequester</i> for guidelines on whose number to enter. | or a or Employer | - - - - |
| or individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for prietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other loyer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to ge</i> in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. See also <i>What Name lequester</i> for guidelines on whose number to enter. | or a or Employer and | Identification number |
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| | old | |
| | Social se | curity number |
| | | |
| | | |
| nd ZIP code | | |
| | | l and address (optional) |
| providing this form to a partnership, trust, or estate in which you have an ownership i | interest, check | (Applies to accounts maintained outside the United States.) |
| tion of the LLC, unless it is a disregarded entity. A disregarded entity should instead chec te tax classification of its owner. | | Exemption from Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) reporting code (if any) |
| 25 - 그림부장 그림이 있는 어젯밤을 보면 보면 보면 가게 되었다. 그리고 있는 사람이 되었다면 하는데 되었다. 그는 | for the tay | Exempt payee code (if any) |
| ne following seven boxes. | Trust/estate | 4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3): |
| | | |
| | The following seven boxes. Al/sole proprietor | propriate box for federal tax classification of the entity/individual whose name is entered on line 1. Check he following seven boxes. Social/sole proprietor |

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form W-9 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW9.

What's New

Line 3a has been modified to clarify how a disregarded entity completes this line. An LLC that is a disregarded entity should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. Otherwise, it should check the "LLC" box and enter its appropriate tax classification.

New line 3b has been added to this form. A flow-through entity is required to complete this line to indicate that it has direct or indirect foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries when it provides the Form W-9 to another flow-through entity in which it has an ownership interest. This change is intended to provide a flow-through entity with information regarding the status of its indirect foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries, so that it can satisfy any applicable reporting requirements. For example, a partnership that has any indirect foreign partners may be required to complete Schedules K-2 and K-3. See the Partnership Instructions for Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065).

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS is giving you this form because they

Form W-9 (Rev. 3-2024) Page 2

must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN), which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following.

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid).
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds).
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds).
- Form 1099-NEC (nonemployee compensation).
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers).
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions).
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third-party network transactions).
- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), and 1098-T (tuition).
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt).
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property).

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

Caution: If you don't return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding, later.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued):
 - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding; or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt pavee; and
- 4. Certify to your non-foreign status for purposes of withholding under chapter 3 or 4 of the Code (if applicable); and
- 5. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting is correct. See *What Is FATCA Reporting*, later, for further information.

Note: If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding. Payments made to foreign persons, including certain distributions, allocations of income, or transfers of sales proceeds, may be subject to withholding under chapter 3 or chapter 4 of the Code (sections 1441–1474). Under those rules, if a Form W-9 or other certification of non-foreign status has not been received, a withholding agent, transferee, or partnership (payor) generally applies presumption rules that may require the payor to withhold applicable tax from the recipient, owner, transferor, or partner (payee). See Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities.

The following persons must provide Form W-9 to the payor for purposes of establishing its non-foreign status.

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the disregarded entity.
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the grantor trust.
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

See Pub. 515 for more information on providing a Form W-9 or a certification of non-foreign status to avoid withholding.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person (under Regulations section 1.1441-1(b)(2)(iv) or other applicable section for chapter 3 or 4 purposes), do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Pub. 515). If you are a qualified foreign pension fund under Regulations section 1.897(i)-1(d), or a partnership that is wholly owned by qualified foreign pension funds, that is treated as a non-foreign person for purposes of section 1445 withholding, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use Form W-8EXP (or other certification of non-foreign status).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a saving clause. Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items.

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
 - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if their stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first Protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on their scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 24% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include, but are not limited to, interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third-party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester;
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the instructions for Part II for details);
 - 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN;
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only); or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding, as described in item 4 under "By signing the filled-out form" above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

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Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See Exempt payee code, later, and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

See also Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding, earlier.

What Is FATCA Reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all U.S. account holders that are specified U.S. persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See Exemption from FATCA reporting code, later, and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you are no longer tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account, for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; do not leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

• Individual. Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note for ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040 you filed with your application.

- Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your Form 1040 on line 1. Enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.
- Partnership, C corporation, S corporation, or LLC, other than a disregarded entity. Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- Other entities. Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. Enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- Disregarded entity. In general, a business entity that has a single owner, including an LLC, and is not a corporation, is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (a disregarded entity). See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2). A disregarded entity should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the owner entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For

example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2. If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, enter it on line 2.

Line 3a

Check the appropriate box on line 3a for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3a.

| IF the entity/individual on line 1 is a(n) | THEN check the box for |
|--|--|
| Corporation | Corporation. |
| Individual orSole proprietorship | Individual/sole proprietor. |
| LLC classified as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes or LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 electing to be taxed as a corporation | Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax classification: P = Partnership, C = C corporation, or S = S corporation. |
| Partnership | Partnership. |
| Trust/estate | Trust/estate. |

Line 3b

Check this box if you are a partnership (including an LLC classified as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes), trust, or estate that has any foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries, and you are providing this form to a partnership, trust, or estate, in which you have an ownership interest. You must check the box on line 3b if you receive a Form W-8 (or documentary evidence) from any partner, owner, or beneficiary establishing foreign status or if you receive a Form W-9 from any partner, owner, or beneficiary that has checked the box on line 3b.

Note: A partnership that provides a Form W-9 and checks box 3b may be required to complete Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065). For more information, see the Partnership Instructions for Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065).

If you are required to complete line 3b but fail to do so, you may not receive the information necessary to file a correct information return with the IRS or furnish a correct payee statement to your partners or beneficiaries. See, for example, sections 6698, 6722, and 6724 for penalties that may apply.

Line 4 Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third-party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space on line 4.

1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2).

- 2-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or territory, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities.
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities.
- 5-A corporation.
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or territory.
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.
- 8—A real estate investment trust.
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- 10-A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a).
- 11-A financial institution as defined under section 581.
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian.
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

| IF the payment is for | THEN the payment is exempt for |
|--|---|
| Interest and dividend payments | All exempt payees except for 7. |
| Broker transactions | Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012. |
| Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends | Exempt payees 1 through 4. |
| Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000¹ | Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5.2 |
| Payments made in settlement of payment card or third-party network transactions | Exempt payees 1 through 4. |

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Information, and its instructions.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) entered on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

- A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37).
 - B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- C—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or territory, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities.
- D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i).
- E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i).

- F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state.
 - G-A real estate investment trust.
- H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
 - I-A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a).
 - J—A bank as defined in section 581.
 - K-A broker
- $L\!-\!A$ trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1).
- M—A tax-exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan.

Note: You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns. If this address differs from the one the requester already has on file, enter "NEW" at the top. If a new address is provided, there is still a chance the old address will be used until the payor changes your address in their records.

Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have, and are not eligible to get, an SSN, your TIN is your IRS ITIN. Enter it in the entry space for the Social security number. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note: See What Name and Number To Give the Requester, later, for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.SSA.gov. You may also get this form by calling 800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/EIN. Go to www.irs.gov/Forms to view, download, or print Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4. Or, you can go to www.irs.gov/OrderForms to place an order and have Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4 mailed to you within 15 business days.

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and enter "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, you will generally have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note: Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon. See also Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding, earlier, for when you may instead be subject to withholding under chapter 3 or 4 of the Code

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

²However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, 4, or 5 below indicates otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see Exempt payee code, earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- 3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.
- 4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third-party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABLE accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

| For this type of account: | Give name and SSN of: |
|--|---|
| 1. Individual | The individual |
| Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI | The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹ |
| Two or more U.S. persons (joint account maintained by an FFI) | Each holder of the account |
| Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act) | The minor ² |
| a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) | The grantor-trustee ¹ |
| b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law | The actual owner ¹ |
| Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual | The owner ³ |
| 7. Grantor trust filing under Optional Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))** | The grantor* |

| For this type of account: | Give name and EIN of: |
|---|-----------------------|
| Disregarded entity not owned by an individual | The owner |
| 9. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust | Legal entity4 |
| 10. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553 | The corporation |
| Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization | The organization |
| 12. Partnership or multi-member LLC | The partnership |
| 13. A broker or registered nominee | The broker or nominee |
| 14. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments | The public entity |
| 15. Grantor trust filing Form 1041 or under the Optional Filing Method 2, requiring Form 1099 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))** | The trust |

¹List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

³ You must show your individual name on line 1, and enter your business or DBA name, if any, on line 2. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.)

*Note: The grantor must also provide a Form W-9 to the trustee of the trust.

**For more information on optional filing methods for grantor trusts, see the Instructions for Form 1041.

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information, such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- · Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- · Be careful when choosing a tax return preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity, or a questionable credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to *phishing@irs.gov*. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at *spam@uce.gov* or report them at *www.ftc.gov/complaint*. You can contact the FTC at *www.ftc.gov/idtheft* or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see *www.ldentityTheft.gov* and Pub. 5027.

Go to www.irs.gov/IdentityTheft to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and territories for use in administering their laws. The information may also be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payors must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividends, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payor. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information